CubeHash expected strength (2.B.4)

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This is a statement of the expected strength (i.e., cryptanalytic work factor) of CubeHash. See the CubeHash specification for recommended parameters r, b.

224-bit collisions. CubeHash–224 is expected to provide collision resistance of approximately 112 bits.

256-bit collisions. CubeHash–256 is expected to provide collision resistance of approximately 128 bits.

384-bit collisions. CubeHash–384 is expected to provide collision resistance of approximately 192 bits.

512-bit collisions. CubeHash–512 is expected to provide collision resistance of approximately 256 bits.

224-bit preimage resistance. CubeHash–224 is expected to provide preimage resistance of approximately 224 bits.

256-bit preimage resistance. CubeHash–256 is expected to provide preimage resistance of approximately 256 bits.

384-bit preimage resistance. CubeHash–384 is expected to provide preimage resistance of approximately 384 bits.

512-bit preimage resistance. CubeHash–512 is expected to provide preimage resistance of approximately 512 bits.

224-bit second-preimage resistance. CubeHash-224 is expected to provide second-preimage resistance of at least 224 - k bits for messages shorter than 2^k bits.

256-bit second-preimage resistance. CubeHash-256 is expected to provide second-preimage resistance of at least 256 - k bits for messages shorter than 2^k bits.

384-bit second-preimage resistance. CubeHash–384 is expected to provide second-preimage resistance of at least 384 - k bits for messages shorter than 2^k bits.

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- **512-bit second-preimage resistance**. CubeHash–512 is expected to provide second-preimage resistance of at least 512 k bits for messages shorter than 2^k bits.
- **224-bit length-extension resistance**. CubeHash–224 is expected to resist all feasible length-extension attacks.
- **256-bit length-extension resistance**. CubeHash–256 is expected to resist all feasible length-extension attacks.
- **384-bit length-extension resistance**. CubeHash–384 is expected to resist all feasible length-extension attacks.
- **512-bit length-extension resistance**. CubeHash-512 is expected to resist all feasible length-extension attacks.
- **224-bit PRF**. HMAC using CubeHash–224 is expected to resist all distinguishing attacks that require much fewer than 2¹¹² queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc PRF modes.
- **256-bit PRF**. HMAC using CubeHash–256 is expected to resist all distinguishing attacks that require much fewer than 2¹²⁸ queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc PRF modes.
- **384-bit PRF**. HMAC using CubeHash–384 is expected to resist all distinguishing attacks that require much fewer than 2¹⁹² queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc PRF modes.
- **512-bit PRF**. HMAC using CubeHash–512 is expected to resist all distinguishing attacks that require much fewer than 2^{256} queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc PRF modes.
- **224-bit MAC**. HMAC using CubeHash–224 is expected to resist all forgery attacks that require much fewer than 2^{112} queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc MAC modes.
- **256-bit MAC**. HMAC using CubeHash–256 is expected to resist all forgery attacks that require much fewer than 2^{128} queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc MAC modes.
- **384-bit MAC**. HMAC using CubeHash–384 is expected to resist all forgery attacks that require much fewer than 2^{192} queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc MAC modes.

512-bit MAC. HMAC using CubeHash–512 is expected to resist all forgery attacks that require much fewer than 2^{256} queries and significantly less computation than a preimage attack. This submission does not include any ad-hoc MAC modes.

224-bit randomized hashing. CubeHash—224 is not expected to degrade the generic security of any of the NIST-specified randomized-hashing modes. This submission does not include any ad-hoc randomized hashing modes.

256-bit randomized hashing. CubeHash—256 is not expected to degrade the generic security of any of the NIST-specified randomized-hashing modes. This submission does not include any ad-hoc randomized hashing modes.

384-bit randomized hashing. CubeHash–384 is not expected to degrade the generic security of any of the NIST-specified randomized-hashing modes. This submission does not include any ad-hoc randomized hashing modes.

512-bit randomized hashing. CubeHash–512 is not expected to degrade the generic security of any of the NIST-specified randomized-hashing modes. This submission does not include any ad-hoc randomized hashing modes.

Output-bit selection. Selection of m output bits (e.g., truncation to the first m bits) is expected to have the usual effects on security.

Supporting rationale. See the accompanying security analysis.